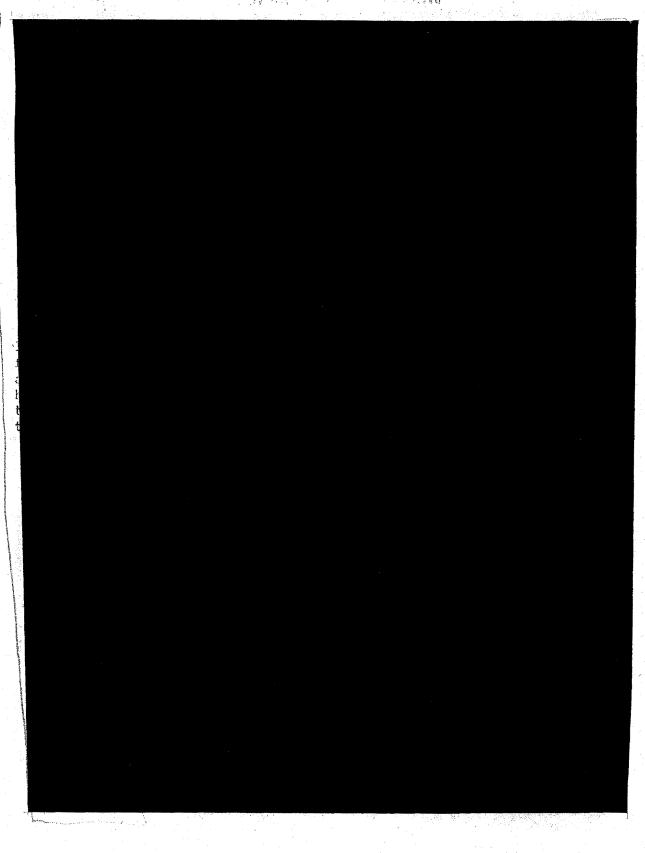
3.0. 12003, 300. 3.6 SAC200166260000 IARA - College MARK NOW, 97208GA AEC SECRETARIAT DM 152 Classi Lad NIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory P. C. Box 1663 WHILATTACHMENTALING Los Alamos, New Mexico 22 September 1953 Brig. General K. E. Fields Director of Military Application U. S. Atomic Energy Commission S. Atomic Energy Commission Lashington 25, D. C. 13 H wearing oct 5,1953 Document No. CX - 836 - 286 Dear General Fields: As you are aware, extended discussions regarding the CASTLE operation took Ø place at the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory on 17 and 15 September between representatives of Holmes and Marver, the Uniwetok Field Office, the Banta Fe Operations Office, the San Francisco Operations Office, the Anadiation Laboratory (Livermore), the Oak Wiege Operations Office, Carbide Sand Carbon Chemicals Company (ADP Flant), Joint Task Force /, the Los Alamos Viscientific Laboratory, and your office. As the result of these discussions, vi ponclusions were reached regarding the proposed content and schedule of the CASTLE program which it is the purpose of this letter to report. The LAGL proposes to test at CASTLE four thermonuclear systems of which certain details are given in Appendix I. These systems are as follows: DOE/GILA 4928-11-29 HAZOCOO ZOMBIE type. This document contains restricted data as definer for the Atomic Energy Act of 1946. Its transmitted AWOD 9720064-392 on the disclosure of its contents in only mounts to the telephorized person to prohibited.

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Doc G. Fig.)

List the opinion of the List that this field will increase rapidly in importance and that it is essential to obtain experimental information thereon at the earliest possible date.

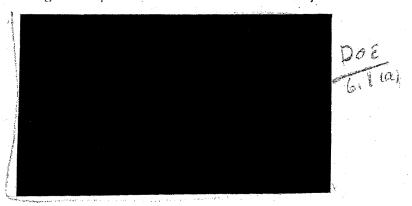
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The total CASTLE program thus remains at six shots. The schedule of these six shots was established, after a thorough review of the status of construction at Eniwetok-Bikini, the rate of availability of Lio, the design and fabrication status of the test shots, and the logistic problems of the Task Force, as follows:



Pre-eminent among the factors which have led to the adoption of this schedule are the following:

- 1. The construction program at Eniwetok would require joint occupancy of test structures by the contractor and by scientific personnel for at least two weeks before shot date if an earlier schedule were to be attempted. Such joint occupancy (e.g. whring going in by the contractor at the same time electronic equipment is being tested by scientific personnel) is believed to be completely impractical. From a security point of view, it is most undesirable to have construction workmen present during meapon assembly and placement operations. The proposed schedule eliminates (or minimizes) such joint occupancy.
- 2. The supply of Li⁶ for the proposed experiments should be complete (according to present predictions) for the proposed schedule at least 50 days in advance of actual shot date. Approximately 40 days is regarded as minimal time for shipment, fabrication, local



assembly and test, overseas shipment by air, and assembly and test overseas. The proposed schedule allows a slight degree of freedom in this respect.

- 3. The proposed schedule will permit the Task Force to send the major portion of its personnel overseas immediately after Christmas rather than sometime before. This is a matter of some concern to the Task Force Commander for obvious reasons of morale. It will also permit a considerable degree of logistic simplification, particularly with regard to the shipment of certain construction materials for the contractor. Airlift requirements in the weeks after 1 January 1954 are extremely heavy and it is not obvious that MATS can satisfy these requirements. The proposed schedule will ease this problem.
- 4. Design, fabrication, assembly, and local test of both the proposed LASL and Livermore devices can probably meet the above schedule unless presently unforeseen delays are encountered. Similarly, the diagnostic experimentation will probably be ready by these dates. Earlier dates would be extremely problemmatical in terms of actual accomplishment.
- 5. To attempt to meet earlier dates and then postpone at the last minute is wasteful of time, money, and logistic effort. The present schedule represents the best proposal which can be made at this time for the earliest practicable schedule which can be met if no unforeseen difficulties are encountered.

We have attached to this letter as appendices (1) a table of the general character and requirements of the proposed LASL devices, as well as some additional general information on other weapon systems which may be of interest for comparison; and

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Although the active meterial requirements for these tests are fairly precise, it may be well to postpone the specific request to higher authority for permission to expend these materials until the exact amounts have been determined.

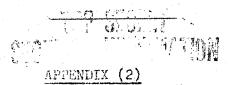
Very truly yours,

/s/ N. E. Bradbury Director



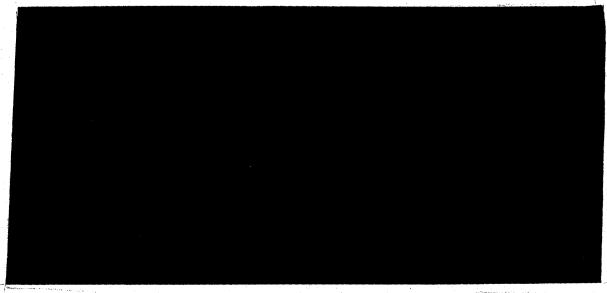
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The proposed production plan is based upon the following assumptions:



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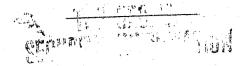


TABLE I

JAN.

FEB.

MAR.

APR.

MAY

JUNE

JULY

AUG.

SEFT.

* Includes 2 practice units.

It gives an a priori preparedness for both a wet and a dry weapon, as well as capabilities for both a cheap and an expensive (in terms of scarce materials) system.

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TABLE II

MAY

JUNE

JULY

AUG.

SEPT.

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